02934 1 of 2 Columbia River Draft Environmental Impact Statement The Columbia River Crossing project welcomes your comments on the findings of the Draft Environmental Impact Statement or any other aspect of the project or process. Please fill out this form and use additional sheets of paper if necessary. Give this form to project staff or return to the project office. TELL US ABOUT YOURSELF SAME What is your home zip code? 97217 Work zip code? Do you: (check all that apply) How do you regularly travel in the project area: (check all that apply) Live in the project area? Commute through the project area? Bus? Bicycle? Work in the project area? 1 Walk Other Car or Truck ? Own a business in the project area? Other 1.5 LONNELTION FROM MARINE DR TO NES FREENAN ENT P-0101-001 RE FAVOR OF THE OPTION CONNELENCE HI OPAT VANCONER ·MI SEDBUTHE IVE D SEF A CONVECTOR MOM MARINE DRIVE CROSSING RUK KONG TH VANCOUVER WAY THAT FOOT RUNS ALONG THE DEVELOPED UCICO EGENTIALLY A DIRELT ROUTE. IVE TO THE RAMP TO MIKI GARTEN BINE ST OR GUGHTUN WEST.

P-0101-002 WOULD ALSO LIVE TO SEE AN EXIT DITHE DEUTA PAGE MAX FROM 1-5 THAT COULD ALLESS NINTERSTATE. 1960TH BOUND

P-0101-008 DO NOT FAVOR TRYING TO GINGER BREAD "THE PRIDGE TRESIGN. LET'S KEEP IT SIMPLE, GRACEFUL, AND FUNCTIONAR

1-004 .Rep	place the existing bridges	
	plement the existing bridges with a new structure nothing—make no changes to the existing bridges	RECEIVED
	opinion	JUN 2 3 2008

P-0101-001

Thank you for your comment. Preferences for specific alternatives or options, as expressed in comments received before and after the issuance of the DEIS, were shared with local sponsor agencies to inform decision making.

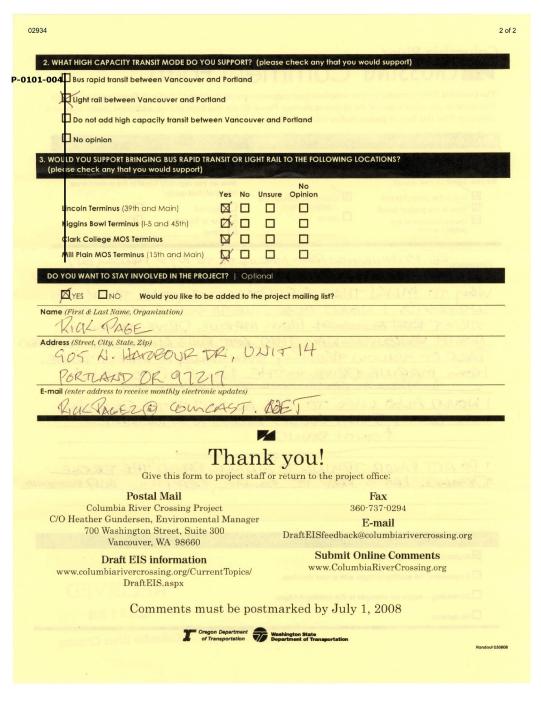
The LPA includes a complete reconfiguration of the Marine Drive interchange, including a direct connection from Marine Drive to Martin Luther King Jr Blvd. For more information, please see FEIS Chapter 2 (Section 2.2).

P-0101-002

I-5 southbound would have an exit to N Denver Avenue where motorists could access the Delta Park/Vanport Max station and Interstate Avenue southbound.

P-0101-003

The CRC project design for interchanges, roadway elements, transit stations, and other facilities will be context-sensitive and reflect the unique character of the surrounding area. CRC formed a 14-member, bistate Urban Design Advisory Group (UDAG), made up of design professionals and neighborhood representatives. The goals of the UDAG include, achieving "design excellence that can be embraced by affected communities and users" and providing "a landmark bridge that is both inspired and inspiring and fully integrates the design and function of the structure with the urban design elements." Working closely with project designers, UDAG will provide input and guidance on integrating the new facilities with the surrounding community. The UDAG has repeatedly emphasized the preferrence for a streamlined bridge with ornamentation playing functional, not merely aesthetic, roles.



P-0101-004

Preferences for specific alternatives or options, as expressed in comments received before and after the issuance of the DEIS, were shared with local sponsor agencies to inform decision making. Following the close of the 60-day DEIS public comment period in July 2008, the CRC project's six local sponsor agencies selected a replacement I-5 bridge with light rail to Clark College as the project's Locally Preferred Alternative (LPA). These sponsor agencies, which include the Portland City Council, Vancouver City Council, TriMet Board, C-TRAN Board, Metro Council, RTC Board, considered the DEIS analysis, public comment, and a recommendation from the CRC Task Force when voting on the LPA.

With the LPA, new bridges will replace the existing Interstate Bridges to carry I-5 traffic, light rail, pedestrians and bicyclists across the Columbia River. Light rail will extend from the Expo Center MAX Station in Portland to a station and park and ride at Clark College in Vancouver. Pedestrians and bicyclists would travel along a wider and safer path than exists today.

For a more detailed description of highway, transit, and bicycle and pedestrian improvements associated with the LPA, see Chapter 2 of the FEIS.