03184

From: NoEmailProvided@columbiarivercrossing.org

To: Columbia River Crossing;

CC:

Subject: Comment from CRC DraftEIS Comments Page

Date: Monday, June 30, 2008 12:03:32 PM

Attachments:

Home Zip Code: 97211 Work Zip Code: 97201

Person:

Lives in the project area Commutes through the project area

Person commutes in the travel area via:

Bicycle Car or Truck

P-0507-001

- 1. In Support of the following bridge options:
 Replacement Bridge
- 2. In Support of the following High Capacity Transit options: Light Rail between Vancouver and Portland
- 3. Support of Bus Rapid Transit or Light Rail by location:

Lincoln Terminus: Unsure Kiggins Bowl Terminus: Unsure Mill Plain (MOS) Terminus: Yes Clark College (MOS) Terminus: Yes

Contact Information:

First Name:

Last Name:

Title:

E-Mail:

Address:

,

Comments:

P-0507-001

1 of 2

Preferences for specific alternatives or options, as expressed in comments received before and after the issuance of the DEIS, were shared with local sponsor agencies to inform decision making. Following the close of the 60-day DEIS public comment period in July 2008, the CRC project's six local sponsor agencies selected a replacement I-5 bridge with light rail to Clark College as the project's Locally Preferred Alternative (LPA). These sponsor agencies, which include the Portland City Council, Vancouver City Council, TriMet Board, C-TRAN Board, Metro Council, RTC Board, considered the DEIS analysis, public comment, and a recommendation from the CRC Task Force when voting on the LPA.

With the LPA, new bridges will replace the existing Interstate Bridges to carry I-5 traffic, light rail, pedestrians and bicyclists across the Columbia River. Light rail will extend from the Expo Center MAX Station in Portland to a station and park and ride at Clark College in Vancouver. Pedestrians and bicyclists would travel along a wider and safer path than exists today.

For a more detailed description of highway, transit, and bicycle and pedestrian improvements associated with the LPA, see Chapter 2 of the FEIS.

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The construction of the bridge should be of aesthic quality and be a world class design. P-0507-003 Impact to surrounding areas should be minimal and not increase traffic on Marine Dr.

P-0507-002

The CRC project design for interchanges, roadway elements, transit stations, and other facilities will be context-sensitive and reflect the unique character of the surrounding area. CRC formed a 14-member, bistate Urban Design Advisory Group (UDAG), made up of design professionals and neighborhood representatives. All UDAG meetings are open to the public to attend and observe. Goals of the UDAG include achieving "design excellence that can be embraced by affected communities and users" and providing "a landmark bridge that is both inspired and inspiring and fully integrates the design and function of the structure with the urban design elements." Working closely with project designers, UDAG will provide input and guidance on integrating the new facilities with the surrounding community. This work includes identifying significant iconography (for example, symbols and patterns) that will reflect the history of the area, the Native American communities, early pioneers, or other significant themes. These images will be incorporated into an art master plan. Additional discussion of bridge designs can be found in Chapter 2 of the FEIS and in the Visual and Aesthetics Technical Report supporting the FEIS.

P-0507-003

Following the publication of the DEIS in May 2008, and the selection of the LPA in July 2008, the CRC project team established a Stakeholder Group to provide feedback on the function and designs being considered for the Marine Drive Interchange. The CRC project team conducted studies that analyzed the traffic operations, property impacts, and potential environmental effects for each potential interchange design.

In addition to the interchange itself, the project team has assessed traffic levels on Marine Drive, as well as other area truck routes and major roadways. The improvements to the Interstate facility should, actually, improve traffic flow on Marine Drive. With additional lanes on the Interstate, fewer motorists will exit the Interstate in order to utilize local

roads such as Marine Drive. Furthermore, the improvements made at the interchange and crossing the river should help minimize the delays and long queues which currently contribute to traffic congestion on Marine Drive.