From:ivan@merabyte.comTo:Columbia River Crossing;CC:Comment from CRC DraftEIS Comments PageDate:Friday, June 06, 2008 11:48:55 PMAttachments:Comment from CRC DraftEIS Comments Page

Home Zip Code: 98607 Work Zip Code: 98607

Person: Commutes through the project area

Person commutes in the travel area via: Car or Truck

- P-0941-001 1. In Support of the following bridge options: No Opinion
 - 2. In Support of the following High Capacity Transit options: Light Rail between Vancouver and Portland

3. Support of Bus Rapid Transit or Light Rail by location: Lincoln Terminus: Yes Kiggins Bowl Terminus: Yes Mill Plain (MOS) Terminus: Yes Clark College (MOS) Terminus: Yes

Contact Information: First Name: Ivan Last Name: Lee Title: E-Mail: ivan@merabyte.com Address: 19215 SE 34th Street, Ste. 106-135 Camas, WA 98607

Comments:

P-0941-002 I think Clark County really needs to prepare for light rail service. I lived in various parts of the country where their plans for light rail service met strong opposition initially. But

1 of 2 P-0941-001

Preferences for specific alternatives or options, as expressed in comments received before and after the issuance of the DEIS, were shared with local sponsor agencies to inform decision making. Following the close of the 60-day DEIS public comment period in July 2008, the CRC project's six local sponsor agencies selected a replacement I-5 bridge with light rail to Clark College as the project's Locally Preferred Alternative (LPA). These sponsor agencies, which include the Portland City Council, Vancouver City Council, TriMet Board, C-TRAN Board, Metro Council, RTC Board, considered the DEIS analysis, public comment, and a recommendation from the CRC Task Force when voting on the LPA.

With the LPA, new bridges will replace the existing Interstate Bridges to carry I-5 traffic, light rail, pedestrians and bicyclists across the Columbia River. Light rail will extend from the Expo Center MAX Station in Portland to a station and park and ride at Clark College in Vancouver. Pedestrians and bicyclists would travel along a wider and safer path than exists today.

For a more detailed description of highway, transit, and bicycle and pedestrian improvements associated with the LPA, see Chapter 2 of the FEIS.

P-0941-002

Light rail has been endorsed by every local Sponsoring Agency (Vancouver City Council, C-TRAN, RTC, Portland City Council, TriMet, and Metro), whose boards are comprised of the elected leadership of the region.

Annual light rail passenger trips crossing the I-5 bridge in 2030 are projected to be 6.1 million, with daily ridership around 18,700. The travel time for the morning commute by light rail between downtown Vancouver

02550

P-0941-002

after the city leaders overcame the public opposition and built the light rail systems, citizens of those communities could no longer imagine life without them. These communities are:

1. Bay Area Rapid Transit

2. San Jose

3. Sacramento, CA

Now is the right time to bring light rail to Clark County. Start now while the city is still growing. When you build only after the citizens demand light rail, it is already too late as the available land will be scarce.

and Pioneer Square in downtown Portland will be approximately 34 minutes. Light rail would travel on a dedicated right-of-way, with more reliable travel times than auto drivers dealing with unpredictable road conditions, traffic congestion, and parking challenges.

2 of 2

The CRC project planning for light rail incorporates and supports the principles of the Vancouver's City Center Vision Plan. Downtown Vancouver has seen recent growth in higher density mixed use projects from three to 12 stories in height. In addition, another 4,000 downtown condominiums are proposed or pending as part of new developments. The core of Vancouver has, along with many of the larger corridors such as Fourth Plain Blvd, medium to high density residential development and an urban mix of uses. Transit demand in these areas is quite high, and ridership will increase with the introduction of light rail.

Long-term operation and maintenance of the new light rail line will be funded through C-TRAN and TriMet. For its share of the operations and maintenance funding, C-TRAN plans on having a public vote.